## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY** BE - SEMESTER-V (NEW) EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2019

Subject Code: 2151903

Subject Name: Fluid Power Engineering

Time: 02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM

**Total Marks: 70** 

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Date: 31/05/2019

## Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 (a) Explain the impulse-momentum principle.
  - (b) State the functions of following components of hydro power plant: Trash rack, 04 surge tank, dam and power house.
  - (c) How ships are propelled ? Derive an expression for propulsive work and propulsive efficiency if the water is drawn from an orifice at right angles to the motion of ship.
- Q.2 (a) State major applications of hydro power plant.
  - (b) Show that the force exerted by a jet of water on an inclined fixed plate in the direction of jet is given by  $F_x = \rho a V^2 \sin^2 \theta$ Where a = Area of the jet, V = Velocity of the jet and  $\theta$  = Inclination of the plate with the jet.
  - (c) A 80 mm diameter jet having a velocity of 25 m/sec strikes a flat plate, the07 normal of which is inclined at 45° to the axis of the jet. Find the normal pressure on the plate
    - (i) When the plate is stationary
    - (ii) When the plate is moving with a velocity of 12 m/sec in the direction of jet and away from the jet.

Also determine the power and efficiency of the jet when the plate is moving.

OR

- (c) A jet of water strikes at the centre of a single curved vane moving in the 07 direction of ice with velocity u so that jet velocity relative to vane is (V u). If the outgoing jet makes an angle  $\theta$  with the entering jet prove that
  - (i) For maximum efficiency V = 3u and

(ii) Maximum efficiency = 
$$\frac{8}{27} (1 + \cos \theta)$$

- Q.3 (a) Differentiate between Francis and Kaplan turbine.
  - (b) A Pelton wheel has a mean bucket speed of 10 m/sec with a jet of water flowing at the rate of 800 litres/sec under a head of 32 metres. The bucket deflects the jet through an angle of 165°. Calculate the power given by water to the runner and hydraulic efficiency of the turbine. Assume co-efficient of velocity as 0.98.
  - (c) What is draft tube ? State its functions. With neat diagrams explain salient 07 features of different types of draft tube.

## OR

- Q.3 (a) Compare inward flow and outward flow reaction turbine.
  - (b) Define the term specific speed and derive an expression for specific speed of hydraulic turbine.
    04
  - (c) What do you mean by characteristic curves for hydraulic turbines ? Discuss the main characteristic curves.

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Q.4	<b>(a)</b>	What do you mean by an air vessel ? Explain the function of an air vessel for reciprocating pump.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Discuss the criteria for selection of pumps.	04
	(c)	Show that the pressure rise in impeller of a centrifugal pump is given by	07
		$\frac{1}{2g} \left[ V_{f_1}^2 - V_{f_2}^2 \operatorname{cosec}^2 \beta_2 + u_2^2 \right]$	
		where $\beta_2$ is the blade angle at outlet . Neglect the friction losses.	
		OR	
Q.4	<b>(a)</b>	Compare screw and scroll compressor.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	What is pre-whirl ? State its advantages and disadvantages. Draw velocity	04
		diagrams with and without pre-whirl.	
	(c)	A single acting two stage air compressor deals with 4.2 <sup>3</sup> /min of air under atmospheric conditions of 1 bar and 17°C with a speed of 250 rpm. The	07

atmospheric conditions of 1 bar and  $17^{\circ}$ C with a speed of 250 rpm. The delivery pressure is 80 bar. Assume complete intercooling, find the minimum power required by the compressor and bore and stroke of the compressor. Assume a piston speed of 210 m/min, mechanical efficiency of 76 % and volumetric efficiency of 82 % per stage. Assume polytropic index of compression in both stages to be n = 1.3 and neglect clearance.

Q.5	<b>(a)</b>	Explain construction and working of direct acting hydraulic lift.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Differentiate between fluid coupling and fluid torque converter.	04
	(c)	Explain the phenomenon of stalling in axial flow compressor.	07
		OR A	
Q.5	<b>(a)</b>	With a neat sketch explain working of centrifugal compressor.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Explain construction and working of simple hydraulic accumulator.	04
	(c)	Explain function, working principle, construction and working of hydraulic	07
		jack.	
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